

A base travel insurance policy is like a bare-bones laptop: it functions, technically, but you'll quickly discover what's missing. For occasional vacationers, the standard coverage is often fine. For frequent travelers — people who take four or more trips a year, or who travel continuously — the gaps in standard policies become increasingly problematic.

Add-ons, sometimes called riders or endorsements, let you extend your coverage in targeted ways without replacing your whole policy. Some are almost universally worth buying for frequent travelers; others depend heavily on how you travel and what risks you're actually exposed to.

Here are five add-ons that consistently prove their value.

1. Cancel for Any Reason (CFAR)

Standard trip cancellation coverage is frustratingly narrow. The list of covered reasons typically looks like this: your own illness or injury, a close family member's death, severe weather making your [best travel insurance](#) destination inaccessible, jury duty, military deployment.

What's missing from that list: changing your mind, a work obligation, a relationship ending, concerns about safety that haven't risen to an official travel warning, or simply realizing you can't afford to go.

Cancel for Any Reason (CFAR) is an add-on that does what it says: you can cancel for any reason and receive partial reimbursement — typically 50% to 75% of your prepaid, non-refundable trip costs.

Who this is for

CFAR is most valuable for:

- Travelers booking expensive trips far in advance (more time for circumstances to change)
- Business travelers or freelancers whose schedules are unpredictable
- Anyone traveling to destinations where the security or health situation can shift quickly
- Travelers with elderly relatives or dependents whose condition might deteriorate

Key requirements

- Must typically be purchased within 14–21 days of your initial trip deposit
- Usually requires insuring 100% of your prepaid, non-refundable trip costs
- You must cancel at least 48 hours before departure (requirements vary by insurer)
- Adds 40–60% to your base policy cost

For a \$3,000 trip, CFAR might cost an additional \$75–\$150. If you ever actually need to **best travel insurance for nomads** cancel for a non-covered reason, the difference between recovering \$0 and recovering \$1,500–\$2,250 speaks for itself.

2. Adventure and Extreme Sports Coverage

Standard travel insurance policies are written for a tourist who walks through museums, eats at restaurants, and occasionally snorkels in calm water. The moment you introduce anything that could be classified as "hazardous," you may be operating without coverage.

The excluded activities list varies by insurer, but commonly includes:

Activity Category	Examples
Motorized sports	Motorcycling, ATVs, jet skiing
Water sports	Scuba diving, surfing, whitewater rafting
Alpine activities	Skiing off-piste, mountaineering, ice climbing
Aerial activities	Paragliding, skydiving, hot air ballooning
High-altitude trekking	Routes above 3,000–4,500m (varies by policy)
Contact sports	Martial arts, rugby, competitive cycling

If you do any of these things while traveling — even recreationally, even once — and you're injured, a policy without adventure coverage will likely deny your claim.

Adventure sports add-ons typically cost an additional \$20–\$75 for a month of coverage, depending on the activity level. Some insurers (particularly those serving the nomad market) include certain adventure activities in their base plans, so it's worth checking before purchasing separately.

One note: extreme mountaineering, professional sports competition, and motor racing are usually excluded even with an adventure add-on. If you're doing something genuinely extreme, verify specifically with the insurer.

3. Rental Car / Vehicle Coverage

If you rent vehicles while traveling — cars, motorbikes, scooters — your standard travel insurance policy probably doesn't cover damage to the vehicle itself.

Rental car coverage, when offered as an add-on, typically covers collision damage and theft of the rental vehicle up to a specified limit, usually \$35,000–\$50,000. This coverage works as primary insurance, meaning you don't need to file through your credit card or personal auto insurance first.

Why this matters for frequent travelers

Rental car damage waivers sold at the counter are notoriously expensive — often \$20–\$40 per day. For a two-week rental, that's \$280–\$560 in waiver fees alone. An annual travel insurance policy with rental car coverage, by comparison, might cost \$150–\$250 for the full year.

For motorbike and scooter rentals specifically — common in Southeast Asia, where per-day rental costs are low but accident rates are high — standalone rental coverage is particularly valuable. Most credit cards explicitly exclude two-wheeled vehicles.

What it doesn't cover

Rental car add-ons generally cover the vehicle, not your liability for damage to other vehicles or property, or injuries to other people. For those, you still need liability coverage, which in most countries is either mandatory (and included in the rental price) or available as a separate add-on from the rental company.

4. Baggage and Electronics Coverage — Upgraded

Most standard travel policies include some baggage coverage. Most of it is inadequate for anyone who travels with valuable equipment.

Standard baggage coverage typically has three problems:

Low aggregate limits. \$500 to \$1,500 total for all lost or stolen belongings. For a traveler carrying a laptop, camera, and smartphone, that covers maybe one of the three.

Per-item sub-limits. Even if the total limit seems adequate, individual high-value items are often capped at \$200–\$500 each. A \$2,500 laptop might be covered up to \$500.

Depreciation. Standard policies often pay out based on depreciated value, not replacement cost. A three-year-old laptop that cost \$1,800 new might be valued at \$400 for claims purposes.

Upgraded baggage and electronics riders increase both aggregate and per-item limits, sometimes include replacement cost coverage rather than depreciated value, and often extend to cover accidental damage (not just theft or loss).

For digital nomads, remote workers, and anyone who travels with professional equipment — cameras, drones, specialized hardware — this upgrade is almost non-negotiable. The cost is usually \$30–\$80 per month and the coverage difference can be thousands of dollars.

5. Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D)

This one is less pleasant to think about, but worth understanding.

Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage pays a lump sum if you die or suffer specific serious injuries (loss of a limb, loss of sight, paralysis) due to an accident while traveling. It's different from life insurance — it covers accidents only, not illness — and different from standard medical coverage, which covers treatment costs but not disability benefits.

For frequent long-haul travelers, particularly those in regions with higher accident rates or engaging in higher-risk activities, AD&D provides a financial safety net for the worst outcomes. Payouts typically range from \$25,000 to \$500,000 depending on the coverage level purchased.

Who should prioritize this

- Solo travelers without a financial safety net or dependents who would bear costs
- Travelers in countries with high traffic accident rates (India, Thailand, Vietnam, Egypt rank among the highest per capita)
- Travelers doing extended trips where minor accidents can cascade into more serious situations

AD&D is often available as a standalone add-on or included in comprehensive policies. Premiums are generally modest — \$5–\$30 per month — relative to the potential payout.

How to Decide Which Add-Ons You Need

Not every add-on is right for every traveler. A useful framework:

Map your actual activities. If you won't rent a car or motorbike, skip rental coverage. If you won't dive, skip the extreme sports rider.

Calculate the value of your equipment. If everything you carry totals less than \$1,000, standard baggage coverage is probably fine. If you're carrying \$5,000+ in gear, an upgrade is worth the premium.

Assess your cancellation exposure. The higher your non-refundable prepaid costs, the more valuable CFAR becomes. For short trips with flexible bookings, it may not be worth it.

Consider your risk tolerance honestly. AD&D and CFAR are partly emotional purchases — they reduce anxiety about low-probability, high-consequence events. For some travelers, that peace of mind has real

value; for others, the premium isn't worth it.

The most comprehensive treatment of which coverage features matter most by traveler type — including specific product comparisons — can be found in detailed guides comparing [the best travel insurance options for digital nomads and frequent travelers](#), where these distinctions get the nuanced treatment they deserve.

Final Thought

Add-ons exist because base travel insurance was built for the median traveler taking the median trip. If you travel frequently, travel actively, or travel with valuable equipment, you're almost certainly not the median traveler. Build your coverage accordingly.

Sources: U.S. Travel Insurance Association product comparison data; InsureMyTrip consumer research; Squaremouth policy analysis; individual insurer product documentation.

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